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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/591,401	11/01/2006	Gilbert Legeay	0510-1148	9674
466 YOUNG & TH	7590 06/09/200 OMPSON	EXAMINER		
209 Madison St	reet	PURDY, KYLE A		
	Suite 500 ALEXANDRIA, VA 22314			PAPER NUMBER
			1611	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			06/09/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/591,401	LEGEAY ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Kyle Purdy	1611			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>02/14</u> This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This     Since this application is in condition for allowant closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro				
Disposition of Claims					
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-10 is/are pending in the application.  4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw  5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed.  6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-10 is/are rejected.  7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to.  8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or  Application Papers  9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner  10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ access applicant may not request that any objection to the or	r election requirement. r. epted or b)⊡ objected to by the B drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti  11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex-					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>					
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 1 sheet (09/12/2007).	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	nte			

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Election Acknowledged

1. Applicants' election without traverse the invention of Group I encompassing claims 1-10 is acknowledged. The restriction is made final without traverse. Therefore, the restriction requirement is deemed to be proper and made final.

## Status of Application

2. Claims 1-10 are pending, claims 11-13 have been cancelled and claims 1-10 are presented for examination on the merits. The following rejections are made.

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 3. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
  - The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 4. Claims 4-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.
- 5. Regarding claim 4, the phrase "such as" renders the claim indefinite because it is unclear whether the limitations following the phrase are part of the claimed invention. See MPEP \$ 2173.05(d).
- 6. Regarding claims 5, it is unclear what is surface is meant by the recitation of 'a soil', 'a reactor', and a 'still of tubing'. It is unclear as to what these surfaces are meant to encompass?

  As claimed, these surfaces do not give one of skill in the art sufficient clarity so as to understand the invention and understand whether making and using his/her method of disinfecting dirt, an

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engine or a tube would infringe on the present invention. If retained, the aforementioned surfaces should themselves contain modifiers so as to particularly point out and distinctly claim the invention.

7. Regarding claim 5, the phrase "preferably" renders the claim indefinite because it is unclear whether the limitations following the phrase are part of the claimed invention. See MPEP § 2173.05(c).

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

8. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 9. Claims 1, 3, 6 and 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Braun (EP 0194770; of record).
- 10. Braun is drawn to disinfectant polymeric coatings and methods of using said solutions on hard surface. Example 7 exemplifies such a method. Example 7 discloses applying a film-forming liquid disinfectant solution with a hydrophilic polymer that consists of cyclohexylmethacrylate, isodecyl methacrylate and 2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate (see instant claims 1 and 7) to a glazed and unglazed ceramic tile (see instant claim 3). After application of the polymeric disinfectant solution it was then allowed to dry (see instant claim 1). The hydrophilic copolymer is taught to be contained in the formulation at a weight percentage of 4.9% (see instant claim 6).

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11. It should be noted that the requirement of applying the solution to a 'surface at least 0.1m<sup>2</sup>' carries no patentable weight because it occurs in the preamble. A preamble is generally not accorded any patentable weight where it merely recites the intended use of a process, and where the body of the claim does not depend on the preamble for completeness but, instead

12. Thus, Braun anticipates the instantly rejected claims.

depends on the process steps or structural limitations.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 13. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 14. Claims 1-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Braun (EP 0194770; of record) in view of Stovicek (US 4990547; of record).
- 15. Braun is relied upon for disclosure described in the rejection of claims 1, 3, 6 and 7 under 35 U.S.C. 102(b).
- 16. As discussed above, Braun is drawn to using disinfectant polymeric solutions on hard surfaces. Exemplified hard surfaces include ceramics, glass, formica, plastics and metals (see page 2, lines 5-10; see instant claims 2-5).
- 17. Braun fails to teach the composition of the method as further comprising silica particles at a concentration of from 50 g/L to 250 g/L.

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18. The teaching of Stovicek cures such a deficiency. Stovicek is drawn to antifouling compositions, useful for coating fish netting, boat hulls, roof shingles and so on to prevent growth of algae or fungi (see abstract). Specifically, the composition is in the form of an emulsion which comprises hydrophilic polymers ethylvinylacetate (EVA) (see Examples 9 and 10). The composition is taught to comprise up to 20% by weight of filler. Exemplary fillers include calcium carbonate and silica (see column 2, line 30). Specifically, Examples 9 and 10 include silica in the composition at weight percentages of 10% and 20% respectively.

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19. Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to combine the teachings of Braun and Stovicek with a reasonable expectation for success in arriving at the instantly claimed method of applying a solution of a hydrophilic polymeric material to a mineral surface followed by drying. With respect to the requirement of the instant claims that the application of the polymeric solution be applied to the surface via brush, roll, or spraying device, such processes are considered obvious. Albeit Braun does not specifically disclose how the solution was applied to the tiles of Example 7 (see above), such methods of application would have been well within the purview to one ordinarily skilled in the art. Braun fails to teach the disinfectant solution as comprising silica. Stovicek cures this deficiency. Stovicek teaches that their disinfectant solution may comprise up to 20% by weight of filler wherein the filler can be that of silica (see Examples 9 and 10). As the instantly claimed silica weight percentage is from 50 g/L to 250 g/L (corresponds to 0.5% to 25% by weight), the weight percentages disclosed by Stovicek would obviate including silica at the instantly claimed weight percentages. Further, Stovicek teaches that their polymeric composition can be applied to surfaces via spraying (see Example 12). It should be noted that the requirement of applying the solution to a 'surface at

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least 0.1m<sup>2</sup>' in claim 1 carries no patentable weight because it occurs in the preamble (see

above). Still however, one of ordinary skill would be capable of identifying a surface area

capable of requiring disinfection. If this resulted in a surface with an area of at least 0.1 m<sup>2</sup> then

such a result is obvious and would not have been a product of innovation, but rather one of

common sense and ordinary skill. Therefore, the invention as a whole is prima facie obvious to

one ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made, as evidenced by the references,

especially in absence of evidence to the contrary.

**Conclusion** 

20. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Kyle A. Purdy whose telephone number is 571-270-3504. The

examiner can normally be reached from 9AM to 5PM.

21. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Michael Woodward, can be reached on 571-272-8373. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

22. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR

system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free)

/Kyle Purdy/ Examiner, Art Unit 1611

May 26, 2008

/MP WOODWARD/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 1615